# ECSAA RECREATIONAL 

## COACH HANDBOOK



2019 REVISION

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

## Page

2 EGSA Policies
3 The EGSA Player Philosophy
4 EGSA Player Development Curriculum
5 The Role of a Parent Coach
6 The Role of the Professional Trainers
7 The Parent Coach Checklist
7 Referee Payments
8 Rules for EGSA recreational games
11 Common Injuries in Soccer
13 Weekly practice plans

## eGSA POLICIES

## Inclement weather policy

EGSA's top priority is the safety of our players \& coaches. In the event of inclement weather, EGSA will make every effort to notify families a minimum of $1 \frac{1}{2}$ hours before the scheduled start time of clinics/practices/games. In general, Little Kickers \& U6 clinics/games will be cancelled if raining at all. Older age groups will be cancelled for heavy rain, standing water/snow on the fields, imminent severe weather conditions, and extreme cold/heat. We will try to hold practices and play games, if possible, but will err on the side of safety for our players and to keep our fields in good shape.

Sometimes, the weather changes quickly over the course of a game/practice/clinic. For games, the decision to terminate because of adverse weather rests with the referee. For clinics, the decision rests with the professional trainers from Challenger Sports.
For team practices, the decision rests with the parent coach. With regards to thunderstorms, at the first sight of lightening or the first sound of thunder, coaches should instruct players to take shelter. Coaches and players must then wait 30 minutes from the last occurrence of lightning or thunder until the game or practice may resume. If conditions are determined to be unsafe for an indeterminate period of time, the decision may be made to dismiss the players for the remainder of the session.
Encourage your team families to sign up for EGSA's RainedOut Alert System on our website, www.egsasoccer.com.

## Referee Abuse policy

EGSA maintains a Zero-Tolerance Policy on Youth Referee Abuse. At no time is a coach, player, or parent permitted to engage in verbal abuse or negative criticism of a Youth Referee. The full policy, including examples of infractions and disciplinary actions, is available on the EGSA website.

It is important to remember that this is YOUTH soccer. If a referee makes a bad call during the game, everything will be ok. Please let it go. The only time the club asks you to intervene with the referee is to support him/her from harmful comments from spectators or if you see an unsafe situation unfolding on the field that is not being sufficiently addressed.

## The ecsa player philosophy

Extensive research has clearly shown that player burnout has become an epidemic in youth sports for a variety of reasons. Among them, physical injury from single-sport specialization and the psychological demands from game-time performance are key contributors. Responding to this research, EGSA has adopted a philosophy emphasizing player development over games and winning.

The goal is simple: We want our players to continue playing soccer beyond their school years rather than dropping out when they are 10.

EGSA believes that the best way to develop skills and have fun is for players to spend a larger percentage of their time with a ball at their feet. We want our kids to be having fun ALL OF THE TIME, while learning the essential skills to develop into good soccer players.

In 2013, EGSA introduced professional training by skilled coaches into our program. These coaches understand what is required for our kids to grow as players, while in a fun, supportive environment under a unified direction. This not only raised the bar of instruction for our players, but it also established a consistent soccer curriculum.

In addition, our club supports all-around development of our young athletes and strongly encourages participation in multiple sports. This not only reduces the risk of overuse injury, but builds players into better overall athletes.

## EGSA PLAYER DEVELOPMENT <br> CURRICULUM*

| Age Group | Expectations and Target Outcomes |
| :---: | :--- |
| Little Kickers <br> Fundamental <br> Soccer | Players focus on the fun of the game. FUNdamentals are taught <br> through stories and games focusing on basic core \& motor skills. |
| U6 <br> Desire to Play | Players focus on ball familiarity and develop a passion for the <br> game. Basic tactics, concepts, and character development are <br> introduced. |
| U8/U10 <br> Learn to Train | Players focus on technical proficiency in a competitive training <br> environment. Small group tactics are introduced along with basic <br> speed, agility, and quickness. |
| U12 <br> Prepare to <br> Compete | Players learn team tactics, perform under pressure and <br> understand good match preparation as they begin to challenge <br> themselves individually. |
| U14+ <br> Achieve Your <br> Goal | Players are able to perform correct techniques and cope with the <br> physical demands of the game as players adapt to different <br> match situations. |

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## The role of a parent coach

Parent coaches are an essential part of EGSA's Recreational Program and should be committed to their team for the duration of the season. As a coach, you are a role model for your team's players and will help to shape their love of the sport of soccer. You are also ambassadors of EGSA within our community. Communication is the key to a successful program and we ask that you send, at a minimum, a weekly email to your team reminding them about practices, games, special events (Fun Day, Picture Day, etc), and highlights. Coaching is a very rewarding volunteer experience and it does not take much of your time. Listed below are the specifics for each age group.

## Per Soccer Rhode Island and US Youth Soccer, all EGSA Coaches need to successfully complete a background check. There are no exceptions to this rule!

U8/U10/U12 divisions: Parent Coaches are expected to hold a team practice each week that focuses on fun, teamwork, sportsmanship, and game play. You are encouraged to meet as team at the beginning and end of each team practice and game to set expectations, talk about goals, make announcements, foster parent communication, and encourage team spirit. In addition, parent coaches are encouraged to assist with the weekly Challenger Clinics, whenever possible. Please see the sample practices in this Handbook to assist you in planning your weekly team session. Time commitment: 2-3 hours/week, weekday and weekend.

Little Kicker division: Parent Coach Coordinators are expected to attend the Challenger Clinic with their groups each weekend. We want parent coaches to stand on the perimeter of the practice area and try to keep the kids in the practice area and focused as much as possible. You are encouraged to meet as a team at the beginning or end of the practice to make announcements, foster parent communication, and encourage team spirit. Time commitment: < 1 hour/week, weekend only

## The role of professidnal Trainers

In contrast to parent coaches, the professional trainers are responsible for developing players' individual soccer skills. These sessions are run clinic-style and employ games and exercises that focus on foot skills, ball familiarity, and technique, all while having fun! Any support that Parent Coaches are able to provide at these weekly clinics are a bonus for the players, the professional trainers, and for you as a coach.

## PARENT COACH CHECKLIST

## GENERAL

- Make soccer a fun and positive experience for every player.
- Stress teamwork and sportsmanship, not winning.
- Be prepared for practices and games.
- Remind players and families about weekly practices \& games
- Remind players to wear their shin guards/cleats to all practices and games, and to bring water and their soccer ball.


## GAME TIME

- Have your team arrive 15-20 minutes before game time to warm up.
- If you are the "home team" coach, pay the referee before the game.
- Carry a team roster with family contact info in case of emergencies.
- Have ice or cold packs for minor injuries.
- Discourage unhealthy post game snacks.
- Let every child play! Each player must play at least $50 \%$ of each game.
- Respect the referee. These youth are learning to referee soccer just like the players are learning to play soccer. Please be patient with them. Bring concerns about referees to EGSA, not to the referee at the game. Email concerns to the EGSA Referee Director at referees@egsasoccer.com.


## Referee payments

EGSA uses a cash payment system for our youth referees. At the beginning of the season, EGSA will distribute referee payment envelopes to all recreational Parent Coaches. It is the responsibility of the HOME TEAM COACH to pay the referee before each game. If no referee shows, please hold onto the money and return to either the EGSA Recreational Director or the EGSA Referee Director. Please keep the payment envelopes in a safe place-EGSA is not responsible for lost or stolen referee payments. Below is a list of EGSA Referee payment amounts.

> U6 Referee (\$12)
> U8 Referee $(\$ 16)$
> U10 Referee $(\$ 20)$

# Rules of the came: vg 

## Game format

- 3 v 3 or 4 v 4
- Size 3 ball
- At coaches' discretion, teams may play with less players or share players.
- 4 quarters; 5 minutes each
- 2 minute break between quarters
- 5 minute break at half time


## Substitutions

- At coaches' discretion, while trying to minimize disruption to flow of game


## Game Rules

- No offsides
- All fouls result in an indirect kick (An indirect kick must be touched by another player before it can go into the goal - that is the kicker and a second player)
- No penalty kicks (PKs)
- No throw-ins
- No corner kicks
- No out of bounds on the sidelines (coaches encourage play within the sidelines)
- Endlines are out of bounds - goal kick awarded
- On a goal kick, the defending team must retreat to the half way line and stay there until the attacking team either, 1) brings the ball over the halfway line or, 2) after 15 seconds has passed. Violations of this rule that do not impact the play of the ball should not stop play.
- After a goal is scored, play is restarted with a kickoff at midfield.
- A team that is behind by 4 goals or is clearly overmatched has the option of putting an additional player on the field
- One coach from each team is allowed on field to help their team.

All other coaches should assist from the sidelines.

## Equipment

- Shin guards (required)
- Sneakers, cleats or tennis shoes


## Scores and Standings

- No scores are recorded and no standings kept


## Referees

- One center referee
- Keep game flowing - player safety top priority


# Rules of the came: ư 

## Game format

- 5 v 5 (Four field players and a goalie)
- Size 3 ball
- If both coaches agree, teams can play with less players or share players. Each team must have the same number of players on the field.
- 4 quarters; 12 minutes each (referee can adjust quarter length, if necessary)
- 2 minutes break between quarters
- 5 minutes break at half time


## Substitutions

- Anytime the ball is out of play


## Game Rules

- No offsides
- Kickoff: opposing players must be 5 yards from the ball
- All fouls result in an indirect kick (An indirect kick must be touched by another player before it can go into the goal - that is the kicker and a second player)
- No penalty kicks (PKs)
- Throw-ins - second chances given for improper throw-ins
- Goal kicks and corner kicks awarded
- On a goal kick, the defending team must retreat to the half way line and stay there until the attacking team either, 1) brings the ball over the halfway line or, 2) after 15 seconds has passed. Violations of this rule will stop play and the goal kick shall be retaken.
- After a goal is scored, play is restarted with a kickoff at midfield.
- A team that is behind by 4 goals or is clearly overmatched has the option of putting an additional player on the field


## Equipment

- Shin guards (required)
- Cleats


## Scores and Standings

- No scores are recorded and no standings kept


## Referees

- One center referee


## RULES OF THE GAME: UIONIz

## Game format

- $7 \vee 7$ (May be modified depending up team sizes)
- Each team must have the same number of players on the field.
- Size 4 ball
- 2 halves; 25 minutes each
- 5 minutes break at half time


## Substitutions

- On goal kicks, after goals, at halftime, injury resulting in stoppage of play
- On throw-ins for team with possession. If one team substitutes, other team may substitute players as well


## Game Rules

- FIFA rules modified for youth play by USYSA
- No offsides enforced
- Slide tackling is NOT allowed - free kick awarded
- A team that is behind by 4 goals or is clearly overmatched has the option of putting an additional player on the field until lead is reduced to 2 goals.


## Equipment

- Shin guards (required)
- Cleats


## Scores and Standings

- No scores are recorded and no standings kept


## Referees

- One center referee


## Specialized <br> Orthopedic Physical Therapy

## COMMON INJURIES IN SOCCER

Concussions: Player will likely have suffered a blow to the head either from colliding heads, colliding head with opponent's elbow/shoulder/knee, or striking their head on the ground.

## On Field Evaluation: A quick mental checklist

1. Determine if the athlete lost consciousness: Do they remember what happened?
2. Ask them simple questions: What is their name? What is the day of the week? How old are you? Do you know where you are?
3. Ask the athlete if they can feel their arms and legs. Can they move their toes and feet? Can they move their fingers and hands? (If he/she cannot, DO NOT attempt to move them, call 911 immediately and just keep them awake and calm. They will need to have a neck collar and be taken to the hospital immediately!)
4. Have the athlete focus on your fingertip 12-18 inches away and have them follow your fingers with their eyes only.
5. Have the athlete turn their head side-to-side and up-and-down. (If they start to get dizzy or start to see spots, they have failed the test.)
If the athlete fails any of these 5 tests, they should be held out of any athletic activity until they have been evaluated by a physician.

Ankle Sprains: Player typically "rolls" ankle from catching toe while changing directions or lands awkwardly on another player's foot. Sometimes a "pop" is heard or felt in more significant cases. Pain is usually immediate and intense.

## On Field Evaluation: Quick Assessment

1. Athlete will typically complain of sharp pain more focused on the outside of the ankle and will not want to put weight on it. They will be thinking they broke it in
severe cases.
2. Palpate the lateral malleolus (outside ankle bone), then move your fingertips down towards the foot and they will likely feel sharp pain as you move off the bone.
3. Pain with turning foot inward, made worse by coach turning foot in.
4. Check for swelling or discoloration (which could be immediate in severe cases).
5. See if athlete can walk off the field under his own power or if he is struggling to put weight on it.

Ankle sprains can vary in severity to being sore for a couple of days to taking up to 3 months to get better! When trying to determine if the athlete can go back in the game, the athlete should be asked to run up and down the sidelines, followed by asked to so some cutting, hopping, bounding, and jumping successfully without limping or grimacing. Otherwise, athlete should be kept on the sidelines and then possibly seek $x$-rays to make sure there are no fractures (especially if athlete cannot put any weight on it).

Knee Sprains: These types of injuries occur from knees colliding with another player or it can occur when the athlete is trying to plant his/her leg to make a cut or change of direction. It can also happen with side tackling as well.

On Field Evaluation: Athlete will typically be in significant pain holding their knee with it partially bent.

1. Check to see if knee is aligned properly. If it is clearly deformed or crooked, DO NOT attempt to move the knee. Call 911 or carry athlete off the field and take him/her to the emergency room.
2. If in good alignment, make sure kneecap is in the proper location.
3. Palpate the outside and the inside of the knee. If there is tenderness on either side, there is increased possibility off MCL or LCL sprain.
4. If athlete can bend or straighten knee, then see if they can put weight on it and walk off the field. If unable to help athlete off the field by providing support (crutch).

Knee Injuries can be hard for coaches to specifically diagnose so don't get too involved in trying to figure out what is wrong. Generally, you are assessing if the athlete can put weight on his knee and get off the field or if they need help getting off the field. If they are unable to put weight on the leg, the knee swells, or they complain of the knee giving away/locking, then the athlete should seek professional consultation such as an orthopedic surgeon or a physical therapist for a full evaluation of the knee.

## Weekly Practice Plans

The following pages contain drills for weekly practices. There is an hour of drills, so choose the 2 or 3 you like best to run at practice. The final 10-15 minutes of practice should be for scrimmage and gathering as a team to recap or give information. Throw in a team cheer for good measure!

## U8 Spring Week 1

| Organization: | Challenger Sports |
| :--- | :--- |
| Age Group: | U8s |
| Category: | Recreation |

Spring - Week 1
60 Minutes

Topic: Dribbling \& Running With The Ball
Objective: To learn how to dribble \& run with the ball at speed using different surfaces of the foot.

|  | Organization Time: 10 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25825 | Area:$25 \times 25$ |  |
|  | 1 player - 1 ball each. <br> Set out multiple small gates within the area using tall cones. <br> Players begin dribbling inside the area \& through as many gates as possible. <br> Players continue for a set time limit before having a short rest period before restarting. <br> Coach introduces a points system for players to count how many gates they travel through. |  |
|  | Progressions | Acceleration through the gate and into space. Soft touches - close control. Awareness of open gates and other players. Use different surfaces of the foot; Inside, Outside, Laces, Sole. |
| $\qquad$ <br>  <br> ©Chatenger Sportas avert | Perform ball mastery skills before passing through a gate - toe taps, tic tocs, side roles. <br> Increase/decrease gate size-depending on success. <br> Add a defender/gate keeper. <br> Remove gates to increase players spacial awareness. |  |
| Session Part: Technical Fundamentals | Organization | Time: 15 |
| $25$ | Area: $30 \times 25$ <br> Numbers: 10 Play |  |
|  | 4 equal groups of 5 players -1 ball per player. <br> Begin the activity without a ball with players performing a feint when they reach the cone. <br> First player in each group travels towards the central tall cone at speed with the ball. <br> Players perform a fake or move before the cone and move to the left/right before joining the line. <br> The next players in each group repeat this process from each of the 4 groups. |  |
| \} $\}$ | Progressions | Coaching Points |
|  | Introduce a pass after players perform a fake/move with 2 balls working at the same time in each group. Perform different fakes and moves. <br> Element of competition between the 2 groups. Increase/decrease travelling distance to cone. | Soft touches/bigger touches depending on distance to the cone and available space. <br> Head up for awareness. <br> Use different surfaces of the foot. <br> Low center of gravity when performing fakes. |
| Session Part: Game Scenario | Organization | Time: 20 |
|  | Area: <br> Numbers: | $25 \times 20$ 10 Players |
|  | Players in 2 equal groups either side of coach numbered 1-5. <br> Coach plays the ball into the center of the field and calls a number to play in a 1 v 1. <br> Players must attempt to win the ball and dribble past their opponent. <br> Players attempt to score in the opposing teams goal to score a point for their team. <br> To score a point, players must pass the ball in the goal with the inside of the foot from short distance. |  |
|  | Progressions | Coaching Points |
|  | Add a goalkeeper. <br> Add additional players - 1v2, 2v1, 3v1. <br> Introduce points system in favor of dribbling. <br> Add additional goals or gates to run through. | Acceleration to win the ball. Low center of gravity when in a 1 v 1. Use of the body to put the defender off balance. Positive mind-set and confidence on the ball. |
| Session Part: Small Sided Game | Organization | Time: |
| $p\left[\frac{\square}{\frac{\square}{\text { End Zone }}}\right]$ | Area: <br> Numbers: | $40 \times 30$ 10 Players |
|  | $5 \mathrm{v} 5-2$ end zones at each end of the field. <br> To score a point, players must dribble across the opposing teams end zone line with the ball. Play restarts from the coach with the team who conceded looking to score in the opposite end zone. Encourage dribbling and running with the ball from both teams. |  |
|  | Progressions | Coaching Points |
|  | Teams attack different end zones. Increase/decrease field and end zone size. Add goals and goalkeepers. End with free play. | Awareness of space and other players. Communication. <br> Soft touches - close control when in tight spaces. Bigger touches when attacking large spaces. Quick decision making to capitalize. |

U8 Spring Week 2

|  | Challenger Sports |  | Spring - Week 2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | U8s |  | Minutes |  |
|  | Recreation |  |  |  |
| Topic: Passing \& Receiving |  |  |  |  |
| Objective: To understand how to use different surfaces to receive the ball and pass with the inside of the foo |  |  |  |  |
| Session Part: Warm-up | Organization |  | Time: | 10 |
|  | Numbers: 10 Players |  |  |  |
|  | Players split into pairs -1 ball between 2 . <br> Each pair will be set up between 2 disc cones $5-10$ yards apart. <br> Players will pass the ball back and forth using the inside of the foot. Players will receive with inside or outside of the foot before passing the ball. Players will progress to passing and moving within the area between different cones. |  |  |  |
|  | Progressions <br> Increase/decrease distance of cones. Use of both feet. <br> Set challenges - how many passes in 1 minute? 1 touch passing depending on success. | Coaching Points |  |  |
| $\left[\begin{array}{ll} \sqrt{6} & \sqrt{2}-\infty \\ \hline \end{array}\right.$ |  | Ready position to receive the ball - on your toes. Control with the inside/outside - keep the ball moving at all times. <br> Head up and eye contact with partner. <br> Plant standing foot \& lock ankle when passing. |  |  |
| Session Part: Technical Fundamentals | Organization |  | Time: | 15 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Players remain in pairs - 1 ball within a triangle of cones. <br> Player with the ball passes to their partner before moving to the free cone in the triangle which is $5 \times 5 \times 5$. Player who receives the ball will pass to their partner then move to the free cone. <br> The practice continues with players always on the move after playing a pass. Encourage players to communicate both verbally and visually. |  |  |  |
| ) | Progressions <br> Increase/decrease dimension of the triangle. Limit touches - begin 3 touch, gradually decrease. Restrict players to specific foot to receive \& pass. Set challenges - number of passes in a set time limit. | Coaching Points |  |  |
|  |  | Communication with partner. Awareness of partners movement. Good first touch in direction of where the next pass is going- keep the ball moving. Clean passing technique. |  |  |
| Session Part: Game Scenario | Organization |  | Time: | 20 |
| ${ }^{30225}$ | Area: <br> Numbers: | $30 \times 25$ 10 Players |  |  |
|  | Split players in 2 groups -5 attackers - 3 defenders. 2 goals with goalkeepers. <br> 3 v 1 in favor of the attacking team who begin with the ball. <br> Attackers are set a time limit to beat the defender and score a goal. <br> Attackers can use the goalkeeper for a pass if needed. Defenders can transition and score in the attackers goal if they steal the ball. |  |  |  |
|  | Progressions | Coaching Points |  |  |
|  | Increase/decrease overloads. <br> Set amount of passes before scoring - start low, gradually increase as players improve. Decrease time limit to score. Attackers and defenders switch roles. | Body shape to receive \& movement off the ball. Awareness of ball, space, teammates. Positive mind-set - can we play forward? Correct passing technique. |  |  |
| Session Part: Small Sided Game | Organization | Time: |  |  |
| W | Area: <br> Numbers: |  |  |  |
|  | 6 v 4 with 2 goalkeepers. <br> Goalkeepers have a healthy supply of soccer balls behind the goals. <br> Team of 6 players aim to complete 5 passes before they can score a goal. <br> Team of 4 players aim to steal the ball and complete 2 passes before they can score. Play always restarts with the goalkeepers rolling the ball out to their team. |  |  |  |
| * * * | Progressions | Coaching Points |  |  |
|  | Rotate team of 6 \& 4 . <br> Limit amount of passes for team of 6 . Increase/decrease number of passes needed. End with free play. | Encourage short passing to team-mates. Awareness of space and penetration. Good weight of passes and first touch control. Communication and movement off the ball to create angles to receive a pass. |  |  |

U8 Spring Week 3

| Organization: | Challenger Sports |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
| Age Group: | U8s |
| Category: | Recreation |

Week:
Spring-Week 3

Topic: Shielding \& Turning
Objective: To recognize how to shield the ball \& when to turn when under pressure.

Organization:

## Topic: Ball Striking \& Accuracy

Objective: To introduce ball striking using the correct technique with accuracy.

| Session Part: Warm-up | Organization |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 player - 1 ball each. <br> 3 gates set up in the playing area - all players are given a number 1-10. <br> Coach calls two numbers - those players must accelerate through a gate with their ball. Players dribble their ball inside the playing area and perform ball mastery skills on coaches call; 1. Toe Taps moving forward. 2. Tic Tocs moving forward. 3. Drag \& Push. |  |
| 0 0 0 , | Progressions <br> Use of both feet. Add additional gates/numbers called. Increase/decrease gate sizes and area size. Add a defender to apply pressure. | Coaching Points |
|  |  | Soft touches - close control using different surfaces of the foot. <br> Awareness of space and other players. Sharp acceleration when required. |
| Session Part: Technical Fundamentals | Organization | Time: |
| 20x30 $x^{2}$ | Area: $30 \times 30$ <br> Numbers: 10 Players |  |
|  | Players in pairs - 1 ball between 2. <br> 1 tall cone placed 5-10 yards between 2 players. <br> Players take it in turns to strike the ball with the instep/laces from a set distance. If a player knocks down the cone with their strike, they gain a point. <br> Play first player to 3 points is the winner. |  |
| - | Progressions <br> Pairs move to different cones to strike the ball on the move. Increase striking distances. Introduce an element of competition between pairs. | Coaching Points |
|  |  | Strike the ball with instep/laces, follow through. Head and knee over the ball - use of arms for balance when striking. <br> Standing foot planted and pointed to the target. Lock the ankle/foot, toes pointed down. |
| Session Part: Game Scenario | Organization | Time: 20 |
|  | Area: $30 \times 25$ <br> Numbers: 10 Players |  |
|  | $6 \mathrm{v} 4-2$ goals (no goalkeepers) <br> $10 \times 10$ grids in either corner facing the goal that one team attacks. <br> Team of 6 aim to strike the ball into either grid for a team mate to run onto and stop the ball in the area. <br> Team of 4 aim to steal the ball and score in the open goals. <br> Teams switch ends after 5 minutes. |  |
|  | Progressions | Coaching Points |
|  | Increase/decrease the size of the grids. Introduce target players into the grids. Add a goalkeeper. Rotate players on each team. | Good first touch before striking. Understand when to strike in time and with space. Strike with the instep/laces for power and accuracy-toes pointed down. Head and knee over the ball. |
| Session Part: Small Sided Game | Organization |  |
|  | Area: <br> Numbers: | $40 \times 35$ 10 Players |
|  | 5 v 5 game - 1 team begins the game without a goalkeeper. Encourage both teams to strike the ball at goal frequently. Limit players to 3 touch to promote quick decision making. Rotate which team has the goalkeeper. |  |
|  | Progressions | Coaching Points |
|  | Add additional goals. Increase/decrease field size based on success. Both teams have no goalkeeper. End with free play. | Communication. <br> Awareness of space to receive the ball. Quick decision making with a good first touch. Clean ball striking technique. |

## U8 Spring Week 5

|  | Organization: <br> Age Group: <br> Category: |  | Week: |  | Spring - Week 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1!9 b b bi |  | U8s | 60 | Minutes |  |
| SPORTS |  | Recreation |  |  |  |

Topic: Finishing \& Scoring
Objective: To learn different finishing techniques when attempting to score goals.


## U8 Spring Week 6

Organization:
Age Group:
Challenger Sports $\qquad$ Week:

Spring - Week 6

Category:
U8s

Topic: Aerial Control
Objective: To gain an understanding of how to control aerial balls with a cushioned first touch.


## U8 Spring Week 7

| Organization: | Challenger Sports |
| :--- | :--- |
| Age Group: | U8s |
| Category: | Recreation |
|  |  | Week:

Spring - Week 7
60 Minutes

Topic: 1v1 Defending
Objective: To improve decision making when defending in a 1 v 1 situation.


Session Part: Small Sided Game



## U10 Spring Week 1

Organization:
Challenger Sports Week:

Spring - Week 1

| Age Group: | U10s | $\mathbf{6 0}$ | Minutes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Category: | Recreation |  |  |

Topic: Dribbling \& Running With The Ball
Objective: To develop confidence when travelling with the ball.


## Progressions

Set min./max amount of touches for teams. Increase freedom out of zones for players. Overload teams to build confidence.

## Coaching Points

Positive attitude and confidence to dribble. Use of fakes/tricks to beat a defender.
Support team mates in a zone to create an attack. Awareness of space and team mates.

## U10 Spring Week 2

## challescer

## Organization: <br> Age Group:

Category: $\qquad$ Week: 60 Minutes

Topic: $\quad$ Passing \& Receiving
Objective: To develop passing \& receiving the ball techniques in attacking areas.


| Organization: | Challenger Sports |
| :--- | :--- |
| Age Group: | U10s |
| Category: | Recreation |

Week:
Spring - Week 3

Topic: Shielding \& Turning
Objective: To understand how and when to shield the ball when under pressure.

| Session Part: Warm-up | Organization | Time: 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (ex | Area: $30 \times 25$ <br> Numbers: 12 Players |  |
|  | Players in pairs - 1 ball between 2. <br> Players are numbered 1 and 2. Number 1 starts dribbling with the ball - Number 2 follows. Coach calls "Shield", player 1 uses their body to protect the ball from player 2 applying pressure. Players switch roles with player 2 now dribbling and player 1 following. <br> Players protect the ball for 10 seconds. |  |
|  | Progressions | Coaching Points |
|  | Introduce turns for the dribbler to execute. 1. Pull Back. 2. Cruyff Turn. 3. Outside Hook Protect the ball for 10 seconds $=10$ points. Defender steals it $=5$ points. Alternate partners and decrease area size. | Low center of gravity - bend the knees. Move the ball using the sole, inside and outside. Use of the upper and lower body to keep you in between the defender and the ball. |
| Session Part: Technical Fundamentals | Organization | Time: 20 |
|  | Area: <br> Numbers: | $30 \times 25$ <br> 12 Players |
|  | Players in pairs in the center of the area - 1 ball between 2. <br> One player in the middle is neutral and can play with any pair - 3 defenders around the outside. Players in middle will pass the ball in their groups and move around the area also using neutral player. On coaches commands defenders run around a cone and enter area to steal a ball. If the defender steals the ball they swap roles with player who lost it. |  |
|  | Progressions | Coaching Points |
|  | Player with the ball on coaches commands cannot pass the ball for set amount of time and must protect. <br> Decrease area size to limit time and space. Alternate defenders and groups. | Awareness of when and where to shield. Low center of gravity - bend the knees. Body in between the ball and defender. Keep the ball moving and turn when needed. |
| Session Part: Game Scenario | Organization | Time: 15 |
| $30 \times 30$ | Area: $30 \times 30$ <br> Numbers: 12 Players |  |
|  | 4 teams of 3 players numbered 1-3. 1 ball per team each assigned a zone. <br> Players begin passing the ball in their zone -1 or 2 touch. <br> On coaches call of a number, that player travels clockwise into the next zone to steal the ball. Player in possession of the ball shields the ball from the defender when required to. |  |
|  | Progressions | Coaching Points |
| A. <br> - Challenger sports 2015 | Change the direction players defend. Allow defenders to go to any zone. Introduce an element of competition; Protect the ball for 10 seconds $=10$ points. Defender steals it $=5$ points. | Correct body shape to shield/protect the ball Use team-mate if need too <br> Team mates support angles <br> Awareness of space <br> Communication |
| Session Part: Small Sided Game | Organization | Time: 15 |
|  | Area: <br> Numbers: | $50 \times 40$ <br> 12 Players |
|  | $6 \times 6$ game with Goalkeepers for each team. <br> Field split into 4 zones with a $5 \times 5$ grid in the center of the field. <br> Players are matched up in a 1v1 situation in each zone and in the center grid. <br> Players look to shield and turn when required to and make decisions on a dribble, pass or shot. Rotate players zones - every player takes a turn in center grid. |  |
|  | Progressions | Coaching Points |
|  | Time limits for the ball in each zone. Add overloads in certain zones. Points awarded for successful shields. Free play to finish. | Look to receive on half turn if possible. Use of the body to shield the ball. Communication amongst team mates. Awareness of opponents. |

## U10 Spring Week 4

| Organization: | Challenger Sports | Week: | Spring-Week 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Age Group: | U10s | Minutes |  |

Topic: Ball Striking and Accuracy
Objective: To develop good technique when striking the ball.


4 v 4 with 1 setter for each team at the side of the goal - 2 goalkeepers.
Create an area in front of goal with cones that players cannot enter to encourage striking from distance. Players must make a minimum of 3 passes before striking at goal.
Players can use the support players at the side of the goal to set the ball - these players cannot be tackled.

## Progressions Coaching Points

No goalkeepers to increase striking opportunities. Remove support players from side of the goal. No set amount of passes before striking. Restrict number of players allowed in each half to enable more time and space to strike.

Create space for yourself and team mates. Encourage wall passes to move defenders. Strike as often as possible.
Aim low and hard - difficult for goalkeeper.

Organization
Age Group: $\qquad$ Week:

Spring - Week 5

Topic: Finishing \& Scoring
Objective: To increase and develop goal scoring opportunities with team mates.


U10 Spring Week 6

Organization:
Age Group: $\qquad$ Week:

Spring - Week 6

Category: 60

Minutes

Topic: Aerial Control
Objective: To improve controlling the ball over different surfaces and using different body parts.



Players split into groups of 3-1 ball per group.
Player 1 begins in the center of players 2 and 3 who are 20-25 yards apart.
Player 1 approaches player 2 who serves the ball underarm to player 1.
Player 1 controls, turns and passes to player 3.
Player 2 then travels to player 3 at the other end and continues to exercise for 1 minute.

\section*{| Progressions | Coaching Points |
| :--- | :--- |
| Rotate central player working for 1 minute. | Angle of approach to the ball. |}

Introduce different surfaces to control the ball;

1. 1 bounce, half volley.

Adjust body position to flight of the ball.
Cushion the ball with a good first touch.
2. Thigh control, half volley.

Aim to volley back into servers hands.
3. Chest control, half volley.

Underarm serves from throwers important.

|  | Organization |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Area: |  | Time: |
| Numbers: |  | $40 \times 30$ |

3 equal teams of 4 players.
3 equal sized zones that each team is stationed in.
Team in the middle are the defending team and work for 2 minutes. 1 player can enter the end zones. End zone teams must make 3 passes before attempting to transfer to team in the opposite end. Rotate the defending team every 2 minutes.

| Progressions | Coaching Points |
| :--- | :--- |
| Add goals for defenders to score in. <br> Increase/decrease amount of passes needed. <br> Introduce points for successful control from the <br> long ball and add an element of competition. | Long ball striking - good technique. <br> Receiving player gets in line with flight of ball. <br> Cushion the ball using required body parts. <br> Assess passing options before receiving. |
| Organization |  |
| Area: | $50 \times 40$ |
| Numbers: | 12 Players |

## 6v6-2 goalkeepers.

2 channels either side of the field which is out of bounds.
If the ball goes out a player restarts the play with a throw in to improve aerial control.
The coach will also play in additional soccer balls in the air $-2 / 3$ balls playing at one time.
Encourage long passing from defenders/goalkeepers into forwards to also improve aerial ball control.
Progressions
Overload teams to create more time on the ball.
Defenders/goalkeepers must play long ball.
Add points for successful aerial control. Free play.
Coaching Points
Assess aerial ball control options.
Be aware of the next pass before receiving.
Support from team mates when ball in travelling.

## U10 Spring Week 7

Organization
Age Group:
Category: $\qquad$ Week:

Spring - Week 7

Recreation
Topic: 1v1 Defending
Objective: To perform the correct defensive stance and make it difficult to be beat in a 1 v 1 situation


|  | Organization | Time: 10 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Area: | $25 \times 25$ |  |
| Numbers: | 12 Players |  |

2 equal groups of 6 players.
Begin activity without a ball - gradually increase.
Player 1 attacks the gate (tall cones) that player 2 is defending.
If player 1 makes it through the gate without being tagged they join the back of the attacking line. If player 2 tags play 1 they switch roles.

| Progressions | Coaching Points |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Make the gate smaller - less space to move. <br> Introduce a soccer ball. <br> Players tucks pinnie into shorts. <br> 2 groups working simultaneously if needed. | Defender closes down the attacker. <br> Touch tight - side on stance. <br> Body shape dictating direction attacker can go. <br> Don't commit/dive in - stay on your feet. |  |
| Organization | $40 \times 30$ | Time: $\quad 15$ |
| Area: | 12 Players |  |
| Numbers: |  |  |

Players are split into groups of 2,3 or 4 and take a healthy supply of balls to their area.
1 goal in each area - groups split into attackers and defenders.
Defenders begin at the side of the goal with a ball and pass to an attacker who moves to a position opposite the goal they are attempting to score in.
Defender applies pressure and delays the attacker from scoring for 10 seconds to win a point.

| Progressions | Coaching Points |
| :---: | :---: |
| Opposed exercise - defenders can steal the ball. Rotate groups and opponents. Add a second attacker to make a 2 v 1 . Add goalkeepers. Extend distance for defenders to cover. | Pressure on the ball. <br> Delay the attacker - side on stance, angled body position to the attackers weaker side. Deny penetration getting touch tight. Steal the ball with intent. |
| Organization | Time: 20 |
| Area: | 40x30 |
| Numbers: | 12 Players |

2 equal groups - attack vs. defense - 1 large goal with goalkeeper -2 gates at opposite end of the field. Coach passes the ball to the attacker who controls and is put under pressure by a defender.
Attacker attempts to beat the defender and score past the goalkeeper.
Defender attempts to steal the ball and transition to score in either of the small gates.
Players switch roles - attacker becomes defender.

| Progressions | Coaching Points |
| :---: | :---: |
| Introduce a second attacker to make a 2 v 1 . Larger area size making it difficult for defenders. Time limit for both players to score. Points system favoring defenders. | Apply fast pressure on the ball. Slow down and delay the attacker. Side on stance dictating where the attacker moves. |
| Organization | Time: 15 |
| Area: | 50x40 |
| Numbers: | 12 Players |

6v6-2 goalkeepers.
2 end zones created for 1 v 1 between attacker and defender.
If the defender steals the ball they are awarded 2 goals.
Rotate positions every 5 minutes giving all players an opportunity to defend $\mathrm{iv1}$.

| Progressions | Coaching Points |
| :--- | :--- |
| Build into 2v2 in the end zones. | Pressure on the ball. |
| Set time limits for attackers to score. | Deny time and space on the ball. |
| Add more points for good defending. | Delay the attacker and divert using body shape. |
| Free play. | Steal the ball where possible. |


[^0]:    * Adapted from the Challenger Soccer Academy "Phases of Development"

